

## Job Enrichment: Everything you need to know

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### Definition of Job Enrichment

Job enrichment implies additional motivators added to the job so that it becomes more satisfying. Job enrichment is a form of [job redesign](#) intended to reverse the impacts of boredom, lack of flexibility, challenging tasks, and dissatisfaction of employees. The underlying principle is to expand the scope of a job description with the greater variety of tasks, vertical in nature, that requires self-sufficiency.

According to Paul Robertson and Herzberg (1969), "It seeks to enhance both productivity and human satisfaction by creating a greater reach of personal achievement and appreciation, more demanding and responsible work, and more capacity for individual advancement and development in the work of people in particular." We may therefore conclude, in short, that job enrichment promotes development and [self-actualization](#). There are several job enrichment opportunities and types of enrichment opportunities including an increase in morale and enhanced efficiency, thereby creating more efficient and lively employment. The employee or worker has greater [job satisfaction](#), [job involvement](#) and this results in a positive work environment.

In a job enrichment process, the employees decide how the job will be handled and receive less direct scrutiny. More control and transparency are provided to them and roles (job descriptions) are [restructured](#) in such a way that they become more important, exciting, and difficult. Job enrichment is based on the premise that to motivate the workers, the job itself must provide opportunities for accomplishment, appreciation, accountability, success, and development. This curbs poor performance within organisations to a certain extent.



## JOB ENRICHMENT TECHNIQUES

- Job rotation
- Combining tasks
- Create autonomous groups
- Widen decision making
- Use feedback effectively
- Identify project focused units

**Dimension two** - This relates to motivators, which are reasons that fulfill higher-level criteria such as an appreciation for doing a successful job, success, and development and accountability opportunities. Such motivators are what ultimately improve employee satisfaction and quality. At this point, job enrichment becomes an effective strategy because enriching the employment of employees can help fulfill some of their motivational needs.

### Core job characteristics that can be enriched

## Core Job Characteristics

Task Significance

Task Identity

Skill Variety

Feedback

### Skill Variety

[Skill variety](#) includes the range of different kinds of skills needed to do a job. This area is important because it can be quite boring to use only one skill to do the same task repeatedly, typically causing the productivity of the employee to decrease after a while. Using several abilities in a task, however, will help to make the employee more involved and more motivated in the job. Employees also get to receive meaningful feedback for their [entire work process](#).

### Task Identity

A noticeable result from performing a task is a matter of understanding it. A significant motivator for workers is to be able to see the result of the work they do. [Job enlargement](#) is one way of making [task identity](#) simpler, which means adding more roles and obligations to an existing job. For instance, a team of staff builds the entire product from start to finish instead of building just one part. It is crucial that expanding the job gives the employee more responsibility and more variety, not just more work while using job enlargement as an enrichment strategy.

### Task Significance

It includes how important the job is to those in the organization, which is important in showing workers how the job they do fits in with that done in the rest of the business. Task Significance will be a motivator to do the best job they can if employees can see how their work affects others.

Many businesses take new hires on a company tour. They take them through have [training sessions](#) on

how each component of the business functions together with the other components. Workers must know how the different areas of the business link together. Putting employees from different areas of the company into planning teams can also help them see the significance of the tasks they perform. The degree of freedom, independence, and decision-making capacity that the employee has in the execution of assigned tasks is included. Many individuals like to be assigned responsibility; it shows respect and helps encourage staff to live up to that confidence. Responsibility can also help speed up work processes by encouraging workers to make decisions without waiting for the approval of management. [Autonomy](#) is a very significant component of work enrichment because it gives control and a sense of value to the employee.

## Feedback

It explains how much and what kind of data the employee gets regarding job results. For inspiration, it is one of the most important practices in managing people. Employees have no way of knowing whether they are doing things right or wrong without feedback. By remembering the efforts they have put into their jobs, [constructive feedback](#) helps to inspire workers.

## What Are Some Job Enrichment Techniques?

A workplace with a [strong culture](#) of learning must find a balance between encouraging individuals to grow and remaining productive. In the short term, at the cost of group productivity, work enrichment may increase individual motivation as individuals undergo preparation to perform new tasks. Weigh the advantages carefully against the costs. Some of the strategies that you can use to enrich jobs in your company are outlined in this section. Be sure that before you introduce it, the action you want to explore has "buy-in" from your organization with clear opportunities for achievement.

### Rotate Jobs

Hackman and Oldham (2006) said let members of your team explore various parts of the company and learn new skills. This can be very empowering, especially for individuals in jobs that are repetitive or rely on just one or two abilities. Look for forms in which you can switch between jobs that interest you if you are not a manager and recommend them to your boss. [Job rotation](#) is a good job enrichment technique which enhances the employee experience.

### Combine Tasks

To have a more demanding and dynamic task assignment, [merge job tasks](#). This will greatly improve the identity of the mission, and from start, to finish you will be able to see a job through. Combining

assignments is an instance of work formation, where you alter elements of your current job to suit you better. This encourages people to take the initiative to modify their positions and develop them. In organizations with flatter systems, where there might not be a conventional career ladder, it's particularly worth considering. However, this is essential during job training for professional growth.

## **Identify Project-Focused Work Units**

Consider breaking typical functional lines and forming units that focus on projects. Mione (2006) said, “in a traditional marketing department, for instance, managers decide who works on which project, and as a project progresses, the work passes from one functional area to another”.

You could instead divide the department into integrated project units: for one client or one campaign, storyboard authors, copywriters, and designers could all work together. An excellent way to improve control, job identity, and input is to enable workers to develop client relationships.

## **Create Autonomous Work Teams**

At the group stage, this is work enrichment. Set the team a target, but allow the team members themselves to decide work assignments, schedules, rest breaks, criteria of assessment, and so on. Consider offering them the chance to select the members of their squad. This approach greatly eliminates supervisory roles and encourages individuals to learn expertise in leadership and management.

## **Widen Decision Making**

When they know that what they say is valued and that it makes a difference, people feel more inspired. This encourages team members to take part in decision-making and to engage in strategic planning. This is an ideal way to show the members of your team that their feedback is important. In any organization, regardless of size, it can function. The bigger the organization, though, the harder it will be to bring about this kind of improvement.

## **Use Feedback Effectively**

Make sure the members of your team know how well they do, or whether they fall behind expectations. But explore ways to allow them to assess their success and monitor it. When they learn to solve challenges, take action, and make choices, the more influence they have over this, the richer their jobs

will be. If required, you can still give on-the-spot feedback. Job enrichment offers many growth opportunities. They will probably enjoy an increased sense of personal responsibility for their tasks if people can participate in how their job is done.

## Advantages of Job Enrichment

We have compiled the following positive effects of job enrichment:

- Employee satisfaction increase
- Reduction in employee turnover
- Low training cost
- Better employee-management relationship
- Development of the next generation of managers and leaders
- Reduced absenteeism
- Reduced boredom
- Give employees a chance to learn new skills
- Higher employee loyalty

## Disadvantages of Job Enrichment

- Work overload and increased employee burden due to the wider range of tasks and expanded job responsibilities.
- Employees may be lacking the skills to perform certain tasks
- Due to lack of skill, poor performance may be observed
- Results in a high-stress environment

## Examples of Job Enrichment

To assist you in implementing your job enrichment program, we have compiled a list of examples from which you might draw inspiration:

**Let's start with marketing:** We will presume you hired a writer that is curious and eager to get their hands dirty within the first few months. To match their passion, you should give them new articles based on the content manager's briefs. Their content would next be edited by an editor and verified for optimization by the SEO manager.

Your new hire is still doing their job of creating articles through the perspective of job enrichment. They may now develop their own briefs, write the content, [optimize it for SEO](#), proofread it, and publish it on time, rather than just writing. They are now in charge of the entire process, as you can see.

**Another example from the design team is as follows:** Assume you have a designer that is in charge of creating the landing page for your blog. Receiving briefs from the marketing manager and copy from their individual copywriter is the first step in their procedure. The final stage would be to have a UX

specialist go through the designs with you and then deliver the finalized product to the marketing manager.

With job enrichment, your designer will be in charge of the entire process, from wireframing to adding various website pieces and submitting it to the marketing manager for approval.

Other examples of job enrichment include adding more duties (also known as [job enlargement](#)), expanding skill variety, giving occupations significance, establishing autonomy, and providing feedback are just a few examples.

Because no two strategies are alike, the way job enrichment will look in your company will be determined by a variety of criteria. Therefore, there will be different a job enrichment program for the different roles available.

## Wrapping it up

Job enrichment is a fundamental part of attracting, motivating, and [retaining talented people](#). The way an organization's [jobs are designed](#) needs to match the skills and interests of its staff. When work assignments reflect a good level of skill variety, task identity, purpose, autonomy, and feedback, the people doing the work will likely be more content and less stressed. Enriched jobs lead to more satisfied and motivated staff members. If you're a manager, you need to figure out which combination of enrichment options will lead to increased performance and productivity.

Generally speaking, only small improvements to the position of an employee are typically needed to [improve job satisfaction](#), such as assigning tasks that offer an opportunity to enhance or deepen existing abilities or create new ones. It is important to engage human resources to re-evaluate the job if the changes are major.

Job enrichment plays a big role in motivating and returning your talented employees. Make every effort to ensure that job enrichment is taken as a deliberate [HR intervention](#) that is monitored for business impact.

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<https://thehumancapitalhub.com/articles/Job-Enrichment>